

From Monday JUNE 16, to Monday JUNE 23, 1766.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

PARIS, March 1.



We hear from Amsterdam, that a private person has deposited in the hands of Messrs. Horneca, Hogger, and Company, bankers in that city, 1300 livres, to be equally divided into four prizes, or medals, and to be adjudged to the four best essays which shall be written on the spirit of moderation and peace in private individuals, sovereigns and nations; those two virtues to be taken in all their acceptations, and in every application to physical or intellectual objects.

Hague, March 2. From the long residence of a certain illustrious prince at the court of London, and from some advices which have been received here, 'tis thought his highness will be declared generalissimo of the British forces.

Brussels, March 3. Here is a general and strong report of a war: The raising of a numerous militia in France, the increase of our forces in these provinces, giving large bounty-money to volunteers who enlist, and the colonels and quarter-masters of several regiments being ordered to repair to Vienna, whither they are already gone, gives ground for these reports.

Cassel, March 6. The landgrave, our gracious sovereign, taking into consideration the pernicious consequences attending the too frequent use of coffee, inasmuch as it weakens the health, and impairs the faculties of his subjects, has issued an ordinance, dated the 28th of last month, by which his serene highness forbids the use of that liquor in the towns and villages of his dominions, to all working people as well as peasants, labourers, servants, &c. under the penalty of ten rixdollars fine, or fifteen days imprisonment, and to Jews to traffic any more in that commodity, under pain, not only of forfeiting their protection, but also of confiscation of whatever quantity of coffee may be found in their possession.

Magdeburgh, March 7. They write from Magdeburgh, that commissaries from the king of Prussia, and the elector of Saxony, have orders to repair to Halle, in order to confer together concerning the commerce of the subjects of both sovereigns, and to agree about articles of a treaty that may be advantageous to both.

Paris, March 10. All conversation here at present turns on the sudden and unexpected arrival of the king in this capital last Monday, and his going to the grand chamber of parliament to hold a bed of justice. What passed there will be a remarkable epocha in the annals of this monarchy. The chambers being assembled, his majesty told them, "He was come himself to answer all their remonstrances; that what had passed in his parliaments of Pau and Rennes did not any ways relate to his other parliaments; that he had acted in regard to those two courts as from his authority it behoved him, and was accountable to no body: That he should not have any other answer to make to the remonstrances which have been made to him on the subject, if their re-union, the indecency of title, the temerity of the most erroneous principles, and the affectations of new expressions to characterise them, did not manifest the pernicious consequences of that system of unity, which he had already proscribed, and which they wanted to establish in principle, at the same time that they were bold enough to put it in practice." "I will maintain with all my authority every thing that has been done by my orders."

The chambers have been assembled every day since that sitting.

Versailles, March 12. The king having permitted his parliament of Paris to send a grand deputation to him on the 9th of this month, the deputies (to the number of 40) were introduced into his majesty's chamber at seven the same evening. The king, in his chair of state, and in presence of his council and great officers, heard the discourse which the first president had been charged by the parliament to address him; after which his majesty bade the deputies retire into the audience chamber till he ordered them to be called in again. The king then held a council, at the issue whereof his majesty ordered in the grand deputation, and made his answer to them in the following terms:

"My will and my resolutions are declared, that they may be publickly known. Your deliberations, on the contrary, ought to remain secret. The honour of my parliament is not brought into question: To maintain

that, I have taken care to give the instructions myself. You had no business, after the steps which I have taken, to talk to me again of surprise and imposition. I act not by foreign impressions, but from my own will, with reflection and knowledge of the subject. My parliament may depend on my favour whilst they discharge their duties towards me and my people."

Paris, March 14. They write from Rennes, that the first president having several times sent for the councillors to engage them to resume their functions, they had always refused, under pretence that they could not plead before a commission, and that they had taken an oath to their parliament; so that, the representations of the first president having remained without effect, the king hath sent orders to the duke d'Aiguillon, and the intendant of Brittany, to include in the lists of those to be drafted for the militia, all such councillors of Rennes who have not any other title of exemption; to oblige those on whom the lot shall fall to go and join their battalion, and to employ the others in forming the city guard.

A letter from Rouen informs, that after the report made to the chambers assembled, of the King's answer to the deputies of the parliament, it was agreed that commissaries should be appointed to examine what are the means most convenient to be employed in the present conjuncture. The first president of Grenoble went on Sunday to Versailles with the deputies of his parliament, who are here, to solicit an audience of the king; but his Majesty answered, that he would not hear them.

Versailles, March 29. A grand deputation from the parliament of Dauphiny, was introduced into the king's chamber the day before yesterday, at seven in the evening, and after delivering the copy of the arret, which they were ordered to bring with them, the deputies were ordered to withdraw, and his majesty held a council, after which they were called in again, and the king spoke to the following terms.

"I have read your remonstrances, and I perceive, principally in those of the 24th of May last, the same errors which I have proscribed by the answer which I have made myself to my parliament of Paris. I deliver it to you that it may serve you for a guide. It is only by conforming thereto that you can merit my favour. As to the rest, I have just annulled in my council your arret of the 22d of March and 30th of July last, by an arret which you will now hear read."

Then the duke de Choiseul read the arret, which being finished, the king said: "Never more employ yourselves in affairs that don't belong to you: render justice to my subjects, and set them the example of submission. You will register all that has just happened." After which his Majesty delivered to the deputies a copy of the arret and council, and they retired.

Paris, April 6. The celebrated chevalier Taylor, who has, for so many years been dead to all the nations of Europe, has lately started up at Lyons, and sent eighteen postillions express to inform us, that he will be here in two or three days.

Several English Lords, we hear, have taken hotels in this city, to pass a few days with an exiled countryman of theirs.

The reports relative to a change in the British ministry, we unhappily find to be entirely without foundation; so that the Canada Bills must be speedily discharged.

'Tis this moment whispered, that our ambassador at Vienna had received directions to quit that city in three days.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Hague, March 4. The deputations of the several provinces are arrived here, to administer the oath of the Prince of Orange, upon his entering upon the exercise of his eminent functions.

Copenhagen, March 8. On the 6th inst. was performed the annual solemnity of opening the high court of justice; at which his Danish majesty assisted in person, and heard and determined what was brought before the court. The circumstance of the sovereign's being present on these occasions, which is an ancient formality, has been omitted for some years.

Berlin, March 25. His Majesty who has been indisposed, is now in perfect health.

Hague, April 1. The deputation of the East-India company is arrived here, and will to-morrow present the Prince of Orange with the patent of governor-general of the company. [It has far, Lon. Gaz.

New Advertisements.

Public Notice is hereby given,

THAT whereas the payment of the GENERAL-TAX in Charles-Town, was first ordered to be paid in May last, but has since (by order of the General Assembly) been protracted to January next.

AND WHEREAS there is an absolute necessity for the immediate receiving the POOR-TAX, in order to defray the charges of the poor of the parishes of St. Philip and St. Michael in Charles Town; the Collector of the Poor Tax will therefore attend at the house of Eliza Poinsett, on Thursday the 10th July next, from 9 o'clock to 12 in the forenoon, and from 3 to 6 in the afternoon, and so continue every day (Sundays excepted) at the stoefald house, until Friday the 1st of August next ensuing, of which it is hoped due notice will be taken.

By Order of the Vestry of St. Philip's parish, ELIZABETH POINSETT, Vestry Clerk & P. T. Collector.

ARTHUR DOWNES,

Hath imported in the ship London, Capt. James Strachan, among other goods, the following, viz.

A GREAT variety of gold and silver, hogskin, tortoise shell, and metal watches. Some very neat eight day clocks, made by one of the best workmen in London, upon the best construction, and in the newest fashion; and as they are come out in the lowest terms, he is fully convinced that ladies and gentlemen, who please to favour him with their commands, will meet with entire satisfaction. A silver table and tea spoons, pepper castors, salt cellars, punch and soup ladles, gold and silver thimbles, and sleeve buttons, breast buckles, plain gold rings, cork screws, trinkets of various sorts, a great variety of stone & silver buttons set in gold and silver, stone and silver shoe and knee buckles, mens and womens watch keys, chains and fobs, &c. &c. which he will sell on the most reasonable terms at his shop, on the Bay, near the watch-house.

N. B. He cleans and mends all sorts of watches and clocks with the greatest expedition.

Imported from Philadelphia, in the brigantine Philadelphia Packet, Francis Johnson, Master, and to be sold by SHILOO and WHITE, at their store in Church-Street.

A LARGE and neat assortment of Windsor chairs, made in the best and neatest manner, and well painted, high back'd, low back'd, sack back'd and settees or double seated, fit for piazzas or gardens, childrens dining and low chairs. Also Walnut of the same construction.

THE subscriber being desirous of two or three gentlemen as day-boarders, either to dine, or dine and sup, such may be accommodated at his house, and he flatters himself much to their satisfaction. WILLIAM MARRY.

N. B. He has a chair-house and stable, to be let by the quarter or year.

SAMUEL LEGARE, has to dispose of, on reasonable terms, JAMAICA MUSCOVADO SUGARS, in hogsheads and tierces; also a few puncheons of JAMAICA RUM.

SARAH HATFIELD,

Begs leave to inform her customers,

THAT she has removed from Broad Street, into the house in Church-Street, lately occupied by Mr. Patrick Waldron, opposite Mr. George Parker's store: Where she continues to carry on the MILLINERY BUSINESS in all its branches. And having imported in the last ship from London, a complete ASSORTMENT of MILLINERY GOODS, hopes, that she shall be able to serve all who may please to favour her with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

Just imported, in the London, Capt. Strachan, and the last vessels from ENGLAND:

A Compleat assortment of European and East-India GOODS; amongst which is Bohemian, Hyton, and Congou TEA, which the subscriber will sell very cheap, at his store the corner of Trade and Church-Street.

CHRISTOPHER SIMPSON.

N. B. Said Simpson, desires those whose accounts have been long due, to make speedy payment, or they must expect to find their bonds, notes, &c. in the hands of a lawyer, to be immediately sued for.

A Sorrel Mare, 14 hands high, a bald face, four white feet, branded on the mounting shoulder W, and on the mounting buttock M, with a flower-de-luce on top, about six years old. — A grey gelding, 13 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock O, about five years old with a bell on. — A grey gelding, 13 hands high, branded on the off buttock CB, about 6 years old, a piece cut out of the under part of each ear. The owners may prove their property, before June 4th, 1766. CLAUDE PROVES.

St. Paul's parish, June 10, 1766.

MR. John Cooper, living at Stone, informs me of a black gelding about eight years old, thirteen and an half hands high, branded on the near buttock with I, and an heart. The owner must prove his property before ANDREW LITCH, J. P.

LONDON, MARCH 11.

Extract of a letter from Major-General Irwin, to Mr. Secretary Conway, dated Gibraltar, Feb. 3, 1766.

ON Thursday morning the 30th of last month, about 4 o'clock, it began to thunder, lighten, and rain most violently, and continued without intermission the whole day. Sometimes most heavy showers of hail succeeded the rain, the stones of which were of that immense size, as to break many of the windows in the town. As it grew later in the day, the storm increased in every respect; so that, between eight and nine at night, the whole hill and town seemed to be on fire, and spouts of water poured down from the clouds. At once there came such a torrent from the top of the rock, with such heaps of rubbish and sand, as carried along with it several houses on the side of the hill; and in a few minutes the ground-floors of all the houses in the town were full of water, the hail and rubbish having stopp'd up the drains. The suddenness and violence of this accident occasioned the loss of several lives. By the zeal, activity, and cheerfulness of the officers and soldier, I soon got the drains opened, and prevented further mischief. I must not, on this occasion, omit telling you how much I am obliged to the officers, for the care and vigilance they shewed; as also to the private men, for their activity and obedience in such a time of universal confusion and distress. The storm began to abate about twelve at night, but did not go off quite till about eight o'clock on Friday morning. Almost every body in town has suffered; the merchants very considerably; some are totally ruined, the goods in their stores having been washed away. I thank God the magazines escaped untouched.

"I cannot send you the particulars of our misfortunes, but shall by the first opportunity. In the mean time I have given, and shall continue to give, such orders as I think best for the service. I do not as yet know the number of killed; but judge, by the best accounts, they may be about sixty, five of which are soldiers. It is scarce possible to describe the melancholly scene of parts of houses, furniture, men, women, children, and animals of all sorts, floating in the water, or stuck in the rubbish; and do suppose, that since the misfortune at Lisbon, so dreadful an accident hath not happened to any town; nor could any thing more resemble than this, many of the streets being entirely choked up with rubbish, and the inhabitants obliged to come out at their upper windows, and some to break their way through the tops of the houses. I fear many of the houses will come down, some of which are officers quarters. I have had communications made through all the streets, and mean to go on clearing away as fast as possible."

MARCH 4.

Private letters from Madrid mention, that it has been proposed to send over this summer, some experienced engineers, to assist according to a plan formed last year, in the construction of a chain of forts along the north side of the Isthmus of Darien, in America.

The Spaniards are now said to have in extreme good order forty-seven ships of the line, in their several European ports, exclusive of those in the West-Indies and America.

It is reported, that some North American Governors will soon be recalled, at their own request.

Orders are given, that the private men belonging to the three regiments of foot guards, do constantly attend divine service every Sunday in the respective parishes where they are quartered.

They write from Lisbon, that Mr. Hay, the British Envoy, has had divers late conferences with the Portuguese ministry, on the subject of restoring the English merchants to some commercial privileges they have been deprived of; & that he had received the most positive orders from his court, strenuously to insist on the speedy accomplishment of this point.

By a gentleman lately arrived from the East-Indies, we are informed of the following manoeuvre in the military way, performed by Col. Monro, when general in chief of the British forces in India, in order to bring the forces of the Nabob enemy to action. The British army, including Sepoys, consisted only of about 7000; the Nabob's of between 70 and 80,000, and strongly intrenched. Although the Colonel had encouraged his men very high them, and used several stratagems to bring them out, yet several weeks were spent in ineffectual efforts. To retreat he could not, as provisions were spent; to attack the enemy he did not chuse. At length he gave orders for the army to march off about twelve at night, to leave their tents standing, and camp entire; at the same time, as a bait, strewing along the camp, platys, monies, and several European articles of value, belonging to himself and other officers. When this order was given, he then marched his army a little distance out of sight of the enemy, and ordered parties to right and left, with some pieces of cannon, that in case the enemy moved, to be ready to attack them. The scheme had the desired effect. In the morning no out guards, nor no person being seen about the British camp, the Asiatic horse came out by parties, finding the camp deserted, and seeing the platys, monies, &c. concluded the retreat was

real, and dismounted. Plunder then infected the foot to come forward, and leave their strong hold. The Minden hint was given, and obeyed; the right and left of the British army came forward, and galloped them with grape shot, while the center did the same; the horse that were dismounted took flight, ran off, and trod down many, while the leaders on foot, unable to form them, so as to come to action; were obliged to leave the field. In this manner was one of the greatest victories obtained in India, that ever British forces were concerned in.

MARCH 6.

Yesterday a body of upwards of two hundred members of the House of Commons carried up the bill to the House of Peers, for repealing the American Stamp-Act.—An instance of such a number going up with a single bill, has not been known in the memory of man.

Part of the ordnance stores preparing to be shipped for Gibraltar, we hear, are intended to mount some additional works of strength to be constructed with all expedition on the land side of that garrison towards the Spanish frontiers.

It is said that a bill for the more effectually preventing smuggling, is prepared, and will be brought into parliament this session, by a gentleman of distinguished abilities, both as a Statesman and Financier.

MARCH 8.

It is said that her Majesty is four months advanced in her pregnancy.

Letters from Paris of the 8th ult. advise, that King Stanislaus of Poland, Duke of Lorraine and Bar, died the 3d of last month, of the hurt he received three weeks before, when the fire caught his cloaths and burnt him, the consequences of which were not then apprehended to be so dangerous.

A report confidently prevails, that a certain noble personage was this week married to a Countess Dowager, celebrated for her great beauty.

MARCH 11.

It is said, that a new treaty of commerce is now actually negotiating at Paris, between the Kings of France, Spain, and the Two Sicilies; by which the Bourbon Family promise to themselves great advantage, as well as their subjects.

A double tax is talked of as to be laid, this session of parliament, on all foreign imported Velvets, for the better encouragement of our own manufactures.

Last Saturday being the birth-day of his Serene Highness the Prince of Orange, when he came of age, he assumed the reins of government, as Hereditary Stadtholder of the United Provinces. His paternal dominions produce a clear revenue of very near 140,000 sterling per annum, exclusive of the emoluments resulting from the high offices of state, with which he is invested. As Captain and Admiral General of the army and fleet, he nominates all officers from an Ensign upwards, as he does annually all the Magistrates of the town. His army, including horse and foot guards, consists of 37,000 men.

According to letters from Leghorn, the republic of Genoa is reported to have incurred the displeasure of a certain powerful court, which would probably soon be manifested by the appearance of a formidable squadron in the Mediterranean.

An eminent Dissenting Minister, at the west end of the town, has on the two last Sundays, declined praying for the Prince of Wales, alledging he was in the hands of men, not of God, since his inoculation.

Last Friday morning, at eight o'clock, a noble Duke and a Knight of the Bath, met in Hyde Park with a brace of pistols, at the desire of the latter, who refuted the opposition made by his Grace to a bill now depending in an august assembly as personal to him. The gentlemen who were seconds upon this occasion, do great honour to the noble Duke in their account, of his cool and spirited behaviour throughout this affair, and also do the gentleman who gave the challenge the justice to say, that without giving the seconds any trouble, he was very candid in acknowledging himself in the wrong for having brought his Grace there.

MARCH 13.

Thursday last a messenger arrived from Stockholm with the ratifications of a treaty of peace and friendship, lately concluded between Great Britain and Sweden. This treaty is little or nothing more than a renewal of that in 1720, which says, that each party shall assist the other in case of war.

We hear an English garrison will this summer be established at the Bay of Despair on the west end of Newfoundland, where the Mickmack Indians resort in great numbers to trade with the French.

They write from Hanover, of the 11th instant, that a regular Militia has been established there, and the chief officers have already been appointed by His Majesty, which 'tis thought, will be of great utility to that Electorate in case of a German war.

Extract of a Letter from Rome, dated February 23. 1766.

"The Mode of thinking, if I may be allowed the expression, has greatly altered in this country, within these few years, by men of study applying themselves to the attainment of the English Language and Literature. Prejudices have been lessened thereby, that it is now no longer deemed extraordinary, that men should take the liberty of judging for themselves; and the vile spirit of persecution is every where abating.

"The absolute refusal to acknowledge the Son of the late Pretender by this court, is a conduct opposite to that of former times. The affair was carried so far, that a few of the Roman nobility, who had visited that gentleman and given him the title his Father bore, were reprimanded on that account: And an order was issued, enjoining all ranks of persons not to presume to treat him in any respect otherwise than as a private man.

"This government allowed his father twelve thousand *Scudi* a year; [a *Scudo* is worth about Five shillings English] and six thousand more under the title of a free gift. The late Pope granted the 12,000 to Cardinal Y—, for his life, after the decease of his father; which of course is now become his property, and, it is said, has been given by him to his brother. The 6000 are wholly withdrawn.

"On the gentleman's first arrival here, the F— Ambassador, though not in that character, made application, that he should be acknowledged; and it was the general

opinion here, that this court would, at least secretly, have backed it: But an express being now arrived, the Ambassador has declared, that his court refuses to meddle in the affair.

"A memorial has been presented to the Pope by Cardinal Y—, setting forth the pretensions of his brother. It is not worth the postage, or I would have sent you a copy of it. One particular circumstance, however, is mentioned in it; that at the end of queen Anne's reign, persons were sent by her to offer the crown to the pretender in case he would embrace the protestant religion."

MARCH 15.

Notwithstanding the great odds, lately in favour of a certain popular measure, we are assured, that the betts against it among the Scotch, were thirty seven to three.

His royal highness the Duke of Gloucester, and his serene highness the Prince of Brunswick, will set out some time next month to make the tour of Italy.

MARCH 18.

We are assured that a certain great commander has recommended it to an august assembly, to augment the half-pay of land and sea officers, which, we hear, will be taken into consideration.

We hear the right honourable the Earl of Huntingdon, will shortly set out as ambassador to a neighbouring kingdom, in the room of a noble duke.

This morning all the vessels in the river, concerned in the plantation trade, hoisted their colours, and were adorned with streamers by order of the merchants.

Some clean frigates are now getting ready to be sent out, in order to form a squadron in the gulph of St. Lawrence, on the coast of Labrador, this summer, under the command of Sir James Douglass, now at Halifax.

There is said to be a private article in the late treaty concluded with the court of Stockholm, by which the latter are restricted from furnishing any more ships of war for the service of France.

We are informed, that the scheme for settling an island, advantageously situated between the straits of Gibraltar and Cape Blanco, on the coast of Africa, will be carried into execution this summer.

Yesterday the right hon. William Pitt, Esq; waited on his Majesty; after which a grand council was held.

The states of Holland have lately published two placards, one for the exportation, out of the seven provinces, of commodities manufactured there, duty free; and the other for the encouragement of the herring fishery, whereby that fish is allowed to be exported free of duty for three years.

On Sunday night last died, at his house near Hanover-Square, the hon. John West, earl Delaware, viscount Cantalupo, colonel of the 1st troop of horse guards, a general of his Majesty's forces, governor of Guernsey, master forrester of the Bailywick of Fritham in New Forest, one of his Majesty's most honourable privy council, fellow of the royal society, and knight of the bath.

They write from Gibraltar, that it has been judged necessary by the officers of the garrison, to erect as soon as possible, a very strong wall or rampart round the lower extremity of the mountain, to prevent the ill consequences apprehended from the vast inundation of rubbish, which has continued to tumble down ever since the fatal 30th of January last.

MARCH 19.

The friends of a noted exile now give out, that the period is not very distant when this gentleman will be restored to his country.

We hear the heads of a treaty, said to be of importance, and lately concluded by the French minister with the court of Russia, has been received in the last dispatches from Sir George M. Cartney at Petersburg.

We are informed, that a publican at Nunny, in Somersetshire, has, within a few weeks past, inoculated above one thousand people with success.

MARCH 20.

A representation of the state of the trade and manufactures, set up, and carried on, in the several American colonies, we are assured, is preparing to be laid before parliament.

Several hundred elegant prints of the great commoner, in Metzotinto, adorned with suitable emblems, are preparing to be sent over to New York, Boston, and Philadelphia.

We are told, that the Duke of Choiseul has ordered 10,000 troops into Paris, supposed to be on account of an insurrection apprehended from the province of Britanny.

It is currently reported, that draughts on the treasury have this week been received from Jamaica, made by governor Lyttelton, to a considerable amount; the assembly having refused to pass any more bills for the public service, on account of the differences which still subsist between them and his Excellency.

The repeal of the stamp-act begins already to produce a very favourable effect on the funds.

Lord Poulett, Lord Cornwallis, Lord Torrington, Lord Shelburne, Lord Camden, Mr. Pitt, Col. Barré, the hundred and five, may justice be speedily executed on false favourites, and banished patriots be restored, are now the reigning topics.

On account of the instalment of the prince of Orange, there was a grand ball at the

Hague, at which there was one lady whose gown was trimmed with diamonds to the value of 50,000l. sterling, and her livery servants were in blue velvet, laced with gold. Among other illuminations that were made on that occasion, eight of the yachts that lay in the Maese before Rotterdam, were finely illuminated, one in particular, as though under sail, formed by glass lamps of different colours, and likewise the flag represented by lamps of red, blue, and white glass.

MARCH 21.

The balance of trade between France and England is so much in favour of the former, that several of the Dunkirk vessels have lately departed in ballast, in order to load the luxurious produce of our natural rival.

Yesterday the celebrated Mr. Rouffau set out from London for Wotton, the seat of Mr. Davenport, on the frontiers of Derbyshire, where he has fixed his retreat.

MARCH 22.

It is said two eminent houses in the city have this week shipped off goods and merchandize to the West-Indies, and other parts of America, to the amount of 90,000l. sterling.—Such is the good effect of the repeal of the stamp-act.

The duty on wheel-carriages in Scotland, it is said, increased last year upwards of 900l.

The majority in an august assembly, for the repeal of the cyder act, were one hundred and FORTY-FIVE to forty eight.—The joy that has been expressed throughout the western counties on this occasion is scarce to be described.

MARCH 24.

It is reported, that a great personage has lately declared, that, for the future, no more places or pensions will be granted upon the Irish establishment, either for lives or years.

Private letters from the Hague mention, that a nobleman of distinction, some say the count Bentinck, uncle to the duke of Portland, is soon to be charged with an important business to the court of London, on the part of his serene highness the prince of Orange.

Commissions have been lately received, to engage some printers in the linen and callico branches, to go over to minorca, where a cotton manufactory has been established, with which the islanders drive a considerable trade to Majorca, Ivica, and even to Marseilles.

The Sieur Le Roy, engineer, lately returned from Dunkirk, is to set out in a few days, to survey the unfinished works at Milford-haven, which, with some additional fortifications, are this summer to be completed.

We are credibly informed, that St. John's Island, near Newfoundland, is intended to be established into a separate government, independent of that of Nova-Scotia; and that a number of emigrants will be shipped over this summer, at the government's expense.

After the late terrible storm at Gibraltar, if we may credit letters from thence, the Spaniards, to add to the distress of the place, refused to let provisions and necessaries be brought to its relief, and sold to the sufferers; this embargo is said, however, to have been taken off, in consequence of some remonstrances made by our ambassador at Madrid.—How different, for the honour of England, was our behaviour on advice of the earthquake at Lisbon; private persons were not only eager to send all the assistance in their power, but our legislature immediately ordered a supply of such necessities as the sufferers were thought to stand most in need of.—What a contrast! and yet we are in peace and harmony.

The write from Brest, that the St. Jacques, a French frigate, from Mississippi, was arrived there with Monsieur Jonquiere, and several French troops on board, late of the garrison of Fort Chartres in Louisiana.

MARCH 25.

Canada bills were up at fifty-four and an half per cent, when the last advices were received from Paris.

Some beneficial alterations, for redressing the grievances of our American fellow-subjects, under the present institution of Vice-Admiralty Courts, it is assured, are speedily to take place.

The communication with Gibraltar by the way of Spain is said to have been opened, in consequence of remonstrances made at the court of Madrid for that purpose; by which the garrison will receive their supplies of corn, wine, oil, and live stock, as usual.

We are informed, that several Noblemen were last week in long conference with Mr. Pitt at Hayes, where he is at present ill of the gout.

They write from Leghorn, that the Corsicans have actually assumed a republican flag.

We hear John Amherst, Esq; Rear-Admiral of the Blue Squadron, is to command at Plymouth in the room of Admiral Pye, appointed to relieve Sir William Burnaby at Jamaica.

The intended plan for relief of the subaltern officers of land forces and marines by an augmentation of pay, is said to be on this footing; that their usual stoppages will be taken off, and each to be furnished with a compleat suit of uniforms annually, or an adequate sum at the expence of the government.

It is said a treaty of marriage is actually concluded between the right hon. the earl of Strathmore and a great heiress of the North of England.

They write from Milford-Heaven, that the works for fortifying that harbour, which have been some time suspended, will recommence early in the spring, necessary preparations being now making for that purpose.

One hundred and fifty thousand pounds are granted for defraying the charge of the pay and cloathing of the militia in England, from this day to March 25. 1767.

MARCH 26.

It is said, that a West-India governor has strongly solicited to be called home, the difference between him and the assembly not being likely to be soon accommodated.

The West-India governor has strongly solicited to be called home, the difference between him and the assembly not being likely to be soon accommodated.

We hear a scheme is under consideration for introducing a paper currency in North-America, upon a new plan.

Letters from Paris say, that the parliament there are making great efforts to support their authority against the influence of the court, notwithstanding the very severe check lately given them by the king. But, on the other hand, the ministry are as assiduous in their endeavours to crush them, and by the help of the clergy, who second them with all their power, it is imagined will, at length, prevail.

They write from Brittany, that the ferment occasioned there among the people, by the late violent proceedings of the court towards the parliament, are so great, that the natives in general seem to be ripe for a revolt, but the duke d'Aiguillon's presence with the troops marching thither from different parts of the kingdom, it is expected, will prevent all disturbances.

MARCH 27.

Orders are sent to Portsmouth, &c. for the men of war appointed for the protection of the Newfoundland fishery, to be ready to sail on the first notice.

The bounty of Tonnage granted for shipping employed in the Greenland fishery, will, we hear, be continued this year.

A plan is said to be under consideration, for new modelling the late Act of Trade, which we hear, will be equally for the benefit of the mother country and colonies.

Upwards of three hundred shipwrights, carpenters, riggers, &c. have been taken into full employment since the repeal of the Stamp Act, many of whom had long been out of bread.

Some letters from Stockholm, by Friday's Holland mail advise, that a quadruple alliance is secretly negotiating in the north, which will soon shew itself to the surprize of Europe.

The right hon. the House of Peers are adjourned to monday se'nnight.

Sunday se'nnight a couple were married at St. Edmund's church, in Salisbury, for the third time; the first time they were not of age, the second, the licence was filled up in a wrong name, which obliged them to have another, and go through the ceremony once more.

The city of Bristol is going to new pave and lighten their streets, in the same manner as those of Westminster.

MARCH 29.

We hear that the sum of 1,500,000l. is agreed to be raised, at 3 per cent. in order to pay off near that sum of the outstanding navy bills which now carry 4 per cent.—900,000l. of the said sum is to be by annuities, and 600,000l. by way of lottery. The whole to bear interest from Christmas last: and 'tis said three great houses in the city have agreed to advance the money.

It is said, some regulations will soon take place, much to the benefit of Great Britain and her colonies as a committee of West-India merchants, and another committee for the Continent, are jointly giving their assistance to remove all differences that have heretofore subsisted between them. It is further talked, that Dominica is to be made a free port, under certain restrictions.

Yesterday an extraordinary board of trade and plantations was held at Whitehall, said to be on affairs relative to the American colonies.

A great change is expected in the law; and 'tis confidently asserted, that a certain patriot Chief-Justice will be advanced to a still higher forum in his profession, before the end of the holidays.

A personage of great rank, we hear, had it intimated to him yesterday, that when his presence was wanted at a certain levee, he would be sent to: to which his lordship replied, that he must indeed be sent to, before he renewed his attendance.

It is said there is a scheme on the tapis for taking off one penny per pound of the present duty on tobacco imported; and that an additional farthing be allowed in the drawback on being exported to foreign markets.

SHERBORNE, MARCH 31.

Application will certainly be made this session for opening a communication between Staffordshire and the ports of Liverpoole, Hull and Bristol, by means of navigable canals. The spirit of inland navigation, which now prevails, will most certainly become in time of very considerable benefit to the nation. France was benefitted to a very high degree by the same spirit prevailing there some years ago. Whatever opens a cheap communication with the distant parts of a kingdom, and to the sea will always be found of universal benefit.

We are assured that Mr. P.—it made a very elegant speech for the repeal of the Cyder-Act, in which he implied, that he was not influenced in his opinion upon this measure, by the connections he had lately with the cyder counties, but by an ardent zeal for the constitutional liberty of this country, against the oppressive laws of excise.

LONDON, APRIL 1.

It is said there will soon be a reduction of interest on the five per cent. imperial loan, and several other government securities.

APRIL 3.

We hear that a bill will be brought in this session, to invest a power in some person or persons, to issue writs during the prorogation, for the immediate election of new members, upon any vacancy that may happen, in order to prevent the great expences and riots, attending the long canvasses of candidates.

Yesterday his excellency the Governor had a conference with Mr. Secretary Conway, on affairs of importance; since which, it is reported, that a late memorial from the court of Madrid is not so satisfactory as could be wished.

Bristol, April 5. The society of merchants in this city have paid their compliments of thanks to his Grace the Duke of Devon, and the Right Hon. Henry Seymour Conway, Esq; the Marquis of Rockingham, the Right Hon. William Pitt, Esq; Sir William Meredith, Bart. and Sir George Saville, Bart. for their great services done to the trade of this kingdom and her colonies, by presenting to each of those friends of trade and liberty, the freedom of that respectable body.

New Advertisements.

TO BE SOLD.

An *anthon*, in a *pers* on Mr. Motte's wharf, on Thursday next, the 26th instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, without reserve.

A CHOICE parcel of **MADERA** wine, just imported, and have not been opened or tasted since they have been landed; some of which, are of the best *Lisbon* particular *WINE*, of a quality not to be purchased at the island of *Madera*, but for bill of exchange only. They were sent hither, for a gentleman who is lately gone for *England*, and whose they should be sold here.

The conditions of the sale, will be six months credit, with security, if required; and if the purchaser chooses to pay cash, the interest will be discounted. **SAMUEL PROLEAU, Jun. & Co.**

ALL persons indebted to **CARNE & WILSON**, whose accounts became due the first of January, are desired for the last time, to take notice, that unless they settle the same immediately to their satisfaction, they will without distinction, be put into the hands of an attorney, to be sued for, there being an absolute necessity to have their affairs settled to that date; no further notice will be given, it is expected a proper use will be made of this. **May 1766.**

TO BE SOLD

By the subscriber, at Mr. Nightingale's, near Charles-Town, on Wednesday the 30th day of July, by public vendue:



ABOUT seventy-five valuable slaves, mostly this country born, amongst which are boatmen, sawyers, very handy boys and girls, and house wenches. A very good stock of tame cattle, with good working oxen amongst them, and some household furniture. Also two good schooners at private sale, any time before the vendue. The conditions are credit till the first day of January, or longer, if required, with lawful interest, giving approved security if desired. Nothing to be taken away till the conditions are complied with. **JONATHAN DRAKE.**

JUST imported, in the sloop *Jamaica Packet*, very fine *Jamaica Rum* and *Sugars*, to be sold cheap, for cash or short credit, by **WILLIAM HINCKLEY.**

N. B. A few barrels of fine *Irish Beef*, to be sold as above.

JUNE 19th, 1766, ran away from the subscriber, on *St. John's*, a white servant named *Samuel Kinnerly*, about thirty years old, five feet ten inches high, has a pretty round face, much pitted with the small pox, short black hair, small blue eyes, and is remarkable for seldom or ever looking in the face of the person he speaks to: he had on, when he went away, a lapped scarlet waistcoat lined with gold, a blue coat with a crimson velvet pipe and yellow gilt buttons, a pair of leather breeches, and a half worn broad plain gold faced hat; besides which he took away with him nine shillings, tied up in a check handkerchief, and covered with an old brown waistcoat. A reward of twenty pounds currently will be paid to any person who will apprehend and deliver him to the warden of the work-house in *Charles-Town*, and one hundred pounds to any person who will give information where he is harboured, and upon conviction of the Harbourer. He being a native of *Cheshire* in *England*, near the city of *Norwich*. It is not improbable but he may be for quitting the province, and returning home: therefore all captains and commanders of vessels are hereby forwarded not to carry him off the province, on pain of being severely prosecuted, by **BARNARD ELLIOTT.**

JOSHUA LOCKWOOD, WATCH-MAKER, in Broad-Street, has just imported, in the ship *London*, Capt. Strachan, from *London*, a neat assortment of *CLOCKS* and *WATCHES*. (such variety not to be seen elsewhere in *America*) among which are

FOUR plain stop gold watches, with seconds in the centre, that will stop to the fourth part of a second, the construction in one part being taken from Mr. Harrison's time keeper: They may be seen by any gentleman who pleases to call at my shop. Also,

Some spring *ALARMS*, very useful for those who have occasion to call their servants early or late, as they can be set to go at any hour or minute they please.

Those gentlemen that purchase either of the above articles, will be called upon for the money next January and those whose accounts were due before January 1766, will not take it a misfortune if I call often on them, as I must keep up my credit; and my worthy friends must also consider that the fun is very fast to walk in.

MANSELL, CORBETT, & Co. have imported, in the ship *Savage*, John Dickinson, Master, from *Madera*.

FEW pipes of the best *London* wine; which, with a general assortment of *European* and *East India* goods, they will sell at very low advance, at their store in *Trade-Street*.

JOHN WARD, TAYLOR

In *BROAD-STREET*. **SUPPLIES** gentlemen as usual, with the best *London* super-fine *BROAD CLOTHS*, and all other articles fit for that business, with suitable trimmings. Gentlemen that take the materials from him, may depend on being supplied with better and cheaper than they can have of any man of that business in the province, and on any occasion. He also cleans *GOLD* and *SILVER* LACE.

Colleton County, June 20, 1766.

In the possession of Mr. William Cochrane, and brought before me to be advertised, a black gelding, about thirteen hands high, appears unbroken, doct, and branded on the mounting buttock thus A. The owner thereof must apply within six months from this date, and prove his property before **JOSEPH GLOVER, J. P.**

John Paul Grimke, **HAVING** waited an unreasonable time for payment of accounts long due; now, for the last time, earnestly requests all persons indebted to him on open accounts, and who have paid little regard to his former advertisements, to come and settle to his satisfaction, by the first day of July next, when the accounts of those who disregard this notice will be put into the hands of an attorney at law.

He at the same time desires all persons who have given him their notes of hand, either for cash lent them upon interest, or for goods sold them at the cash price, within eight months past, that they will come and give him their bonds with security; And those who have bought goods of him at the cash price, and have forgot to call and pay, are desired to remember to do so now, or give to him their obligations.

And as, thank God, the stamp-act is repealed, to he proposes to stay in this province, now again the land of liberty, and will continue to sell off his large stock of goods on hand, consisting of all kinds of large and small silver plate, gold work, diamond and false stone work, in all the branches of the jewellers business, and of the newest fashions, with silver and gold watches, silver hilted and gilt swords, gold headed canes, &c. at EIGHT for ONE ready money, or NINE for ONE, payable in six months.

ROBERT RAPER, having received directions from *JAMES CROKATT*, of *London*, Esq; to sell his five houses on the bay of *Charles-Town*, and three others adjoining on the back thereof.

Any person or persons, wanting to purchase the whole, or any part thereof, may apply accordingly.

THOMAS CORBETT, **BEING** impowered to settle all accounts belonging to Mr. *WALTER MANSELL*, (lately failed for *England*) requests the favour of those whose bonds, notes and book debts, are due, immediately to pay off the same, or otherwise settle to his satisfaction. **6. w.**

THE subscriber being under an indispensable necessity of collecting in his debts with the greatest expedition, in order to satisfy his creditors, who have hitherto been very indulgent to him, gives this public notice to all concerned, that every debt due to him, and not paid by the first day of July ensuing, will positively be sued; and he hopes none will take this amiss, as they must know he cannot carry on his business with that satisfaction to the public, he always hopes to do, unless he can get paid by his customers for the just disbursements and trouble he is at on their accounts. **May 9, 1766. ROBERT DILLON.**

SUPPOSED to be strayed from *Charles-Town*, on Monday last the 9th instant. Two HORSES, one a dark bay, trotts high, 14 hands and an half high, 6 years old, has a switch tail, and branded on the mounting shoulder B, with a flower-de-luce on top. The other is a black horse, about the same age and height, a little hog back'd, lately trimmed, both paces and trotts, his breast has been galled with the chair-harness, so that the hair has not yet grown, branded something like n on the mounting shoulder, and I L on the mounting buttock and thigh. Whoever delivers the above horses to me, shall receive FIVE POUNDS reward for each. **DAVID STOLL.**

To be Sold, for no fault. **A** **STOUT**, healthy, young Negro Fellow, as good a Cooper as most in the province. Inquire of the Printer.

William Hinckley, Intending for *England* in a few weeks, **GIVES THIS NOTICE.**

TO all persons who may have any demands against him, to bring them in for payment; and to all who stand indebted to him, to pay or settle to his satisfaction, before his departure.

CHARLES-TOWN, June 23, 1766.

HE repeal of the stamp-act, and the late arrival of our new governor, the right hon. Lord *CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU*, are events that have diffused so general a joy thro' out this province, that unusual public manifestations of it have been exhibited in different parts of the country, as well as here. The people in the country that first distinguished themselves on these occasions, were the inhabitants of *James-Island*, who observed the 13th inst. as a day of festivity and rejoicing, firing many rounds of cannon, drinking loyal and constitutional toasts, and concluding the evening with bonfires, &c. The next were the inhabitants of *St. George's* parish, who assembled and dined together, last Tuesday, at *Dorchester*, to the number of about seventy; after dinner drinking the usual and many

patriotic toasts, each followed by a general discharge of some cannon they had procured, and in the evening handily illuminating the town. Last Saturday was spent in like manner by the inhabitants of *St. Andrew's* parish at *Ashley-ferry*. And, 'tis said, these rejoicings are intended to be carried thro' several other parishes.

Yesterday last Sir *John Colleton*, Bart. took the usual oath, and his feat, as a member of his Majesty's honourable council for this province.

On Friday last the incorporated *SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY* waited on the Right Hon. Lord *CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU*, our new Governor, to present their congratulatory ADDRESS upon his Excellency's arrival in this province, which was in the following words, viz.

To his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord *CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU*, Captain General, Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over His Majesty's province of *SOUTH-CAROLINA*.

The humble ADDRESS of the *SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY*.

May it please your Excellency, We, His Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Members of the *South-Carolina Society*, beg leave to congratulate your Excellency on your safe arrival in this province.

The appointment of your Excellency to this government, opened a pleasing prospect to the inhabitants and friends of this country. Distant as we are from the best of Kings, we have frequently felt the enlivening rays of Royal favour: It was Royal goodness that gave us that existence, by which we are incorporated: The same Princely munificence has now given us a gentleman of birth, integrity, and abilities, to preside over us. We flatter ourselves that a patronage like this, will produce the happiest effects to all ranks of people.

Long may your Excellency remain with us, happy and satisfied in yourself, and daily extending the circle of that happiness and satisfaction to all degrees of men among us!

By Order of the Society. **DANIEL DOYLEY, Steward.** *Charles-Town, June 19th, 1766.*

To which his Excellency was pleased to return the following ANSWER, viz.

GENTLEMEN, I SHALL ever be mindful of this testimony of your goodwill to me; and am much flatter'd by the wishes you express for my happiness.

The observance of the due execution of the Laws of my King and Country is my duty, and shall always be my study. **C. G. MONTAGU.**

Some time ago, a number of *Bermudian* and other English vessels, raking salt at *Sal-Tortuga*, were seized by some Spanish ships of war, and carried into *Lagaira*, on the coast of *Carracca*, where they were condemned: But upon application to *admiral Tyrrel*, and his sending an arm'd vessel to demand restitution and satisfaction, we are informed, all those vessels have been lately restored, and an offer made of compensation for damages.

This day the incorporated *CHARLES-TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY*, waited on his Excellency the Governor, with their ADDRESS, viz.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

To his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord *CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU*, Captain General, Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over his Majesty's province of *SOUTH-CAROLINA*.

The humble ADDRESS of the incorporated *CHARLES-TOWN LIBRARY-SOCIETY*.

May it please your Excellency,

We, His Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the *Charles-Town Library Society*, beg leave to approach your Excellency with our cordial congratulations, on your safe arrival into this province.

Your Excellency's entrance upon the administration of this government has diffused a general joy and satisfaction throughout the province; and is an event which affords a peculiar pleasure to us, as our society, founded with a view to cultivate and extend the liberal and polite arts in this remote part of his Majesty's dominions, assures itself of your Lordship's patronage and protection, and we flatter ourselves that, favoured with your countenance and encouragement, every beneficial purpose of its institution will take effect.

Permit us, my Lord, to express our warmest wishes and expectations, that your Excellency's administration may be easy and agreeable to your Lordship, beneficial to the interest of the province, and happily unite the approbation of our most gracious Sovereign, with the grateful applause of the people who shall be happy under your government. *Charles-Town, June 21, 1766.* **GAB. MANICAVULT, V. P.**

His Excellency's ANSWER.

GENTLEMEN, It gives me great pleasure to receive the congratulations of a society form'd upon so good a plan; and subject to regulations that are alone intended for the encouragement of liberal and polite arts; by which means the native roughness of the Indian may be polished, and the trade and manufactures of the country be improved. **C. G. MONTAGU.**

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

June	Arrived	From
18th.	Brigt. <i>Savage</i> , John Dickinson,	<i>Madera</i>
19th.	Brigt. <i>Prince Edward</i> , Sa. Higgs,	<i>Providence</i>
23d.	Sloop <i>Jamaica Pac.</i> Fr. Dickinson,	<i>Jamaica</i>
June	Brigt. <i>Kirby-Hall</i> , Thomas Watson,	<i>Oporto</i>
19th.	Schooner <i>Friendship</i> , Wm. Hill,	<i>Guadaloupe</i>
	Sloop <i>Charles-Town</i> , J. Leaycraft,	<i>Jamaica</i>
20th.	Ship <i>Prince-Frederick</i> , Val. Baker,	<i>Bristol</i>
	Ship <i>Achille</i> , Richard Maitland,	<i>London</i>
	Ship <i>Hector</i> , Flower Ruffell,	<i>Bristol</i>
	Ship <i>King of Prussia</i> , Leo. Hodgson,	<i>Cowes</i>
23d.	Ship <i>Carlar</i> William Clouston,	<i>Boston</i>
	Brigt. <i>Carolina-Soc.</i> Cle. Conyers,	<i>St. Kitts</i>
	Sloop <i>Betty</i> , William Mills,	<i>St. Kitts</i>
	Sloop <i>Betty</i> , George Balfours,	<i>Philadelphia</i>
	Remaind windbound or cleared	For
	Ship <i>Batchelor</i> , Alex. Urquhart,	<i>Leith</i>
	Ship <i>Brutus</i> , William Sharad,	<i>Boston</i>
	Ship <i>Cleora</i> , John Cathcart,	<i>Boston</i>
	Ship <i>Romeo</i> , Robert Twycroft,	<i>Boston</i>
	Snow <i>Fanny</i> , Ralph Sampson,	<i>Cowes</i>
	Snow <i>Kninool</i> , Alex. Alexander,	<i>Leith</i>
	Schooner <i>Nancy</i> , John Stirrup,	<i>Providence</i>
	Sloop <i>Two-Brothers</i> , W. Culmer,	<i>Providence</i>
	Brigt. <i>Adventure</i> , Edward Edwards,	<i>London</i>
	Brigt. <i>Medway</i> , Jos. Harrington,	<i>Georgia</i>
	Schooner <i>Nancy</i> , Jona. Porter,	<i>Maryland</i>
	Schooner <i>Polly</i> , Richard Savery,	<i>St. Augustine</i>
	Schooner <i>Peder</i> , Thomas Cox,	<i>Georgia</i>

Advertisements.

BENJAMIN BARONS, Esq; Deputy Postmaster General, of the Southern District of North-America.

INTENDING soon to leave this province, and embark for *England*, desires all those to whom he is indebted (if there be any such) immediately to bring in their accounts, in order to be paid.

Charles-Town, 14th June, 1766.

ABOUT three weeks ago, was left at the *North-Bar* near *Sullivan's Island*, by the Schooner *Liberty*, Capt. *McKinnis*, an ANCHOR of 199 lb. weight, with 80 fathoms of 4 & an half inch cable, a buoy and 6 fathom of 3 inch buoy-rope, all new a few months ago. And sometime last winter was stolen, or went adrift, from the Schooner *Three-Friends*, a cypresa CANOW, much out of repair, about 16 feet long, and 4 feet wide, branded in several places R H W M. Whoever hath, or may take up the anchor and cable, and will deliver the same to me, shall be paid the customary salvage; and a reward of 5l. will be given for delivering the canow, to **WILLIAM PARKER.**

CHARLES-TOWN, JUNE 1, 1766.

PURSUANT to the directions of an act of the General assembly of this province, for regulating the price and affize of *BREAD*, I have required the price of *FLOUR*, and find it to be at *Five Penns* per hundred pounds weight, at which price the *Half-Crown* loaves are to weigh as follows, viz.

	lb. wt.
WHITE, — — — —	5 0
WHEATEN, — — — —	3 0
HOUSEHOLD, — — — —	4 0

JACOB MOTTE, Public-Treasurer.

FRANCES SWALLOW,

Has just imported in the *London*, Captain *Strachan*, from *London*, a complete assortment of Millinery and other goods, which she will sell at the most reasonable terms, among which are the following articles.

BROCADE, fatten, lasting and callimanco pumps and shoes, women's and girls Mecklenburgh fans, crimson and purple leather gloves, coloured French silk gloves, thread and cotton ditto, plain black and white silk ditto, India and English chintzes, dark ground and marble ditto, bumbums, long lawns and book muslin, piffol, spotted, flowered and long lawns, clouting diaper and napkin damask, fine white India chin see, India Persians and nankeens; striped, flowered, and plain mantuas; black, blue, green, crimson, and white figured fatten, pink and yellow stripe thread fatten, black, blue, green and pink peeling, scented wash balls, lavender and Hungary water, Poland starch and powder blue, broad and narrow black alomode, black, blue, pink, green and white English perfumers, black, blue and green figured modes, fine French pearl and wax necklaces and earrings, fetts of ditto, best London pins, and steel pointed scissors in sheaths, silver thimbles, and ivory bodkins, fashionable ribbons, figured and plain white ground brocade silk, neat silver tweeter cases, platted stocks and stock tape, blond lace, thread and Brussels ditto, Jacob's ladder, bobbing and ribbon taps, black and white cagur, 6. u'd and stripe gauze, plain gauze caps, fillets and flies, bagies and French egrets, boys black and white beaver hats, gold and silver loops, ladies fashionable hats and bonnets, ladies black and coloured feathers, boys black blue and white ditto, ex seedling good hyson and bohea tea, fine Irish linen, sheeting and Ruffia ditto, mens plain and ribbed silk and thread hose, womens thread and cotton ditto, boys and girls ditto of all sizes, best French olives, walnuts, capers and sweet oil in quart and pint bottles, three-fourth garlix and dowlax, three-fourth, seven-eighth and yard-wide checks, gingham and cotton holland, nutmegs, mace, cinnamon and cloves, Irish and Scotch oshaburgs, silver scollop and spangle lace for fringes, fine De-ham mustard, blue, hair trunks with brass locks, variety of china, a complete set blue and white ditto, slight narrow ribbons for trimmings, French trimmings of all colours, childrens toys of all kinds.

Also, super-fine blue and raven gray broad cloaths, gold and silver lace, and knee garters, gold and silver basket buttons, vellum and cord, mens fine beaver hats, WHITE PLAINS, loaf sugar, neat *London* made saddles with long leas, double lined and snaffle bridles, fringing and boot garters: Just imported in the last vessels from *London* and *Bristol*, to be sold by **NEWMAN SWALLOW**, at his store on the Bay.

N. B. Superfine flour in whole and half barrels and kags, water, milk and butter bread.

ALL persons indebted to *Robert Baldwin*, late of *George-Town*, carpenter, deceased, are required immediately to discharge the same, or settle to the satisfaction of the subscribers; and those to whom the said *Robert Baldwin* was indebted, at the time of his decease, are desired to deliver an account of their respective demands, properly attested, to

DANIEL DOYLEY, WILLIAM GIBBS, MILER BAWTON, Administrators.

Just imported in the ship *King George*, William Coward Master, from *London*, sundry goods, among which are,

CORDAGE, ship chandlery, earthen ware, crates of yellow ware, stone jugs, and blue and white stone mugs, mahogany chairs, dressing glasses and waiters, pipes, paints, oil, fincs, iron and hard ware, parrot cages, brass tea kettles with lamps, a good assortment of double flint glass tumblers, shades and wine glasses—are to be sold for cash or short credit, much under the common advance.

Also a complete assortment of striped and plain silks and brocades, to be sold at EIGHT and A HALF for ONE, by **T. C. DAVIES & WAYNE.**

AS I shall shortly be obliged to close the affairs, relative to the estate of Mrs. *Sarah Middleton*, deceased, and make a division of the residue in my hands.

I DO THEREFORE, request all persons indebted to the said estate, to discharge their respective debts, on or before the 1st day of August next; and those who have any demands on the said estate, are desired to make them known before that day, in order to receive payment. **HANRY MIDDLETON,**

Advertisements.

VERY delicate CLARET,
warranted to be genuine of Bourdeaux
growth, to be sold for cash, at £. 10 per dozen.
By FRANCIS MORAND, near the watchhouse, 6w

Just imported in the ship LONDON, Capt. STRACHAN,
from London.

A NEAT assortment of Euro-
pean and East-India goods; amongst which
are chintzes, callons, printed linens, Irish linens,
checks, stripes, ornabrigs, and sundry other articles
too tedious to mention; which he will sell on the most
reasonable terms at his store in Beaufort, kept by
Mr. Peter Lavin.

Orders from the country will be punctually com-
plied with.
Country produce will be taken in payment at
market prices.

DAVID STODDARD,

Intending to leave this province
very soon, begs all persons that have any de-
mands on him, to call and receive payment; and
those persons that are indebted to him by bond, note,
or book debt, must come to find their accounts in
the hands of an attorney, to be sued for, immedi-
ately upon his departure.

June 9, 1766.

By order of the Commons House of
Assembly of this province, as directed.

WE, the Commissioners, ap-
pointed by an ordinance passed the 8th inst.
for prohibiting the exportation of rice, and for buying
and supplying the inhabitants with rice, or any other
commodity, for provision, do give public notice,
to all persons in want, that they are immediately
to signify the quantity of rice wanted, to either of the
subscribers, in order to be laid before the legislature.
And that the said rice is sold, by either of the sub-
scribers, at £. 3 per cent. on shillings for each bar-
rel, with two and a half per cent. commissions,
and other charges accruing thereon, as directed by the
said ordinance, until the 1st day of September next;
whilst his honour the lieutenant governor, or the
commander in chief for the time being, shall find it
necessary to suspend the said ordinance before the
expiration thereof.

THOMAS LEGARE, WILLIAM ROPER,
WILLIAM GIBBS, BENJAMIN SIMMONS,
WILLIAM LOGAN, GEORGE LIVINGSTON.

TO BE SOLD.

Next door to the Printing Office in the Bay.

A Quantity of IRISH LINEN,
from ten to sixty shillings per yard, bought
by myself (when brown) of the best fabric and qual-
ity, carefully got up and well attended to while in
the bleach, with a few pieces of three-fourth, five-
fourth, seven fourth and eight quarter wide dis-
pers, an assortment of printed linens and cottons,
blue and white linens at twelve shillings and six
pence, and fifteen shillings per yard, yard-wide
Voile de Indes, proper for sheeting at eight
shillings and nine pence and ten shillings per yard,
with a variety of other articles suitable to the season,
all bought of the MANUFACTURERS with cash, by
a person of good judgment, and twenty years expe-
rience in the quality of linens.

JOHN DAVIES.

The following Advertisement appeared
in the CAMBRIOR CHRONICLE, in England,
the 31st of August, 1765.

I THOUGHT to be settled many
years since in or near Cambridge, and if a
live, any of the relations of Mrs. Elizabeth Maffs,
by marriage Elizabeth Hitchcock; she is a
daughter of Mr. Joseph and Mrs. Elizabeth Maffs
of London; she is a widow, and has no children
living; she has lived in Maryland, Pennsylvania,
and Rhode-Island, but now in South-Carolina.
If they will come in person, within four days from
the date of this paper, to Capt. William Maffs,
at the sign of the Ship, in Dover, they will hear
of something greatly to their advantage. Anyone
who can prove by certificate, that no such per-
son is living, shall have Five Guinea reward,
and all charges paid by said Capt. Maffs.

This advertisement did not come to the know-
ledge of the parties enquired for, till after Capt.
Maffs' departure.

Is Answered.—Mr. William Maffs, deceased,
(believed to be the brother of Mr. Joseph Maffs of
London, mentioned in the above advertisement) for-
merly lived in Cheshire, and afterwards at Market-
Drayton in Shropshire, where he married Miss
Church, a sister of Capt. James Church, of Great-
Brimford near Cambridge. By this marriage, the
said William Maffs has three daughters only, who
were bred up at their said uncle's Capt. James
Church, at Sharnford, and who are all still living;—
Elizabeth, the eldest daughter, is married to Mr. Joseph
Cornish, of Attingham near Tetworth, Ox-
fordshire, and has no children.—Mary, the second
daughter, was married to Hich Wales, of Little-
Shelford, Esq; near Cambridge, deceased, and has
four children by him living.—Frances, the third
daughter, is married to Mr. John Taylor, of the
Inner-Temple, London, and has one child living.
The said William Maffs, their father, and his wife,
both died, many years since, in London. Informa-
tion may be had, if wanting, by applying to Lord
Charles Montagu, or George Saxby, Esq; in Charles-
Town, or Mr. William Brewster in Red-Lion-Square,
or Mr. John Taylor, of the Inner-Temple, Lon-
don.

M. B. Capt. Strachan, of the ship LONDON, has a
letter for Mrs. Hitchcock, and she is desired to in-
form him how he may send it to her.
There is also a letter in the Post-Office for the
said Mrs. Hitchcock.

LOST, on Tuesday night the roth
infant, from Cummins's Point.

A Middle sized Cypress Canow,
outside black, with a hole in her stem for a
parker, and a small for a chole, of which only two
boards remain. Whoever delivers her to me at the
Herd, shall have TWO DOLLARS reward.

ALEXANDER-BLOYD.



For LONDON,
(To sail about the 1st of August next.)

THE NEW SHIP

ROSE ISLAND,

SAMUEL GROVE, Master.

FOR PASSAGE, APPLY TO SAID MAS-
TER.

June 7th, 1766.

Torrans, Poaug, & Comp.

HAVE just imported, in the
S. coner Yelloy, from Jamaica, the under-
mentioned articles, which are excellent in kind, and
will be sold on reasonable terms, for cash or short
credit, at their stores on the Bay, viz.

LOAF SUGAR,
MUSCOVADO ditto, in barrels,
OLD RUM, in Porter barrels,
MESS BEEF in barrels,
LIMES, in ditto.

THE partnership of NIGHTIN-

GALE and EDWARDS being dissolved for
some time; and as there is a necessity for closing the
concern as soon as possible, they have placed their
books of accounts in the hands of William Hales,
who is authorized to settle the same; it is hoped all
persons concerned will discharge their respective
accounts without delay. Those to whom they are
indebted are desired to make known their demands,
THOMAS NIGHTINGALE,
WILLIAM EDWARDS.

N. B. Mr. Nightingale having declined, the Li-
abilities in all its branches is carried on by
WILLIAM EDWARDS.

THOMAS COLEMAN,

Working Upholsterer from LONDON.

TAKES this method of return-
ing thanks to those ladies and gentlemen
that have favoured him with their commands; and
at the same time acquaints them, that he still con-
tinues to carry on all the various branches of the up-
holstery business, on the most reasonable terms, at
Mr. Benjamin Hawes's, painter, behind St. Philip's
church.

Paper hung in the most durable manner, as cheap
as in London.

Beds, &c. off dually cured of bugs.

N. B. A parcel of Mattresses to be sold reasonable.

THOMAS WALTER,

Just arrived from London, has imported in Captain
Strachan, from thence.

A LARGE assortment of coarse

and fine linens, linen and cotton check, three-
fourth striped linen, cotton holland, thicksetts, red
and white furniture checks, Bengal stripes and gin-
hams, Scotch holland, white brown and ounce
thread, coarse and fine handkerchiefs, plain, spotted,
flower'd and striped lawns, flower'd and spotted silk
gauze of the newest fashion. A small assortment of
books, viz. Ovid's art of love, Bolingbroke's philo-
sophical works, Racine's, Boileau's, Voltaire's, Mo-
liere's and Corneille's works in French, Steele's and
Foote's plays, Churchill's satire, Pope's and Addi-
son's works, Johnson's, Shakespeare's, &c. &c.
bed buns, wove stocks, very handsome printed li-
nens, and purple ground cottons and callicoes, mens
brown and white thread hose, corded and flower'd
dimity, black ribbons, thread buttons, best Carolus
broad hoes, falling axes and Indico hooks, with a
variety of other goods, which will be sold at a very
reasonable advance, (if, especially for cash) at his store
in Broad-street, formerly poss. sed by Isaac Holmes,
between TIMOTHY'S Printing-Office and the Gen-
eral Post-Office.

N. B. He has bought a quantity of printed li-
nens and callicoes on such low terms, that he can
afford to sell them much cheaper than usual, particu-
larly good German ornabrigs at four shillings per
yard.

On Thursday the 3d of July next will be sold,

AT PUBLIC VENDUE.

At the usual place in Charles Town, the following plan-
tations, or tracts of land, late the property of John
Pearson, Esq; and sold under execution, viz.

TWO hundred acres on Broad
river, where he now lives, bounded on the
east by the said river, on the north by land laid out
to Mary Timoth, south and west by land vacant at
the time of the original grant to William Ralston,
in the year 1749. The above plantation is very plea-
santly situated on a high bluff, with good buildings
thereon, and the land inferior to none in this pro-
vince.

One hundred and fifty acres on the fork between
Broad and Saludy rivers, on the fourth side of En-
nore river, bounding to the north and east on the
said river, and to the south and west on land vac-
ant at the time of the original grant.

Three hundred and fifty acres between Congaree
and Wateree rivers, butting and bounding north-
east by Vincent Simmons, and William Hart's land,
and vacant land, and northwest by land late of
George Haig, deceased, and vacant land.

Two hundred acres in Craven county, on a branch
called Cabin branch, on the north side of Congaree
river, butting and bounding to the southward on
land of John Pearson, and on all other sides on land
vacant at the time of the original grant.

One hundred and fifty acres on the north side of
Broad river, bounded to the eastward on land laid
out for John Hunt, to the south west on Broad ri-
ver, to the north west and north-east on land vac-
ant at the time of the original grant.

Fifty acres in Saxe-Gotha township, on a branch
called Sandy Run, bounding to the south eastward
by the said branch, and on all other sides by vacant
land at the time of the original grant.

Two hundred and fifty acres on Cloud creek,
bounding to the south eastward, part on land laid
out to John Carlin, and part vacant, and on all other
sides by land vacant at the time of the original grant.

Ninety-one acres, being part of one hundred
acres on Santee or Congaree river, opposite to Saxe-
Gotha township, bounding southward on the said
river, northward by land of John Edders, and east-
ward by land of Peter Poole.

The original grants and plats of the said plan-
tations may be seen in the hands of
ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.



For LONDON,

The Ship LONDON.

JAMES STRACHAN, Master.

HAS as good accommodation
for passengers as any ship in
the trade. For freight or pass-
age, treat with said master, or
JOHN GOSWOLD.

JAMES POYAS,

Has just imported, in the London, Capt. Strachan,
from LONDON.

A neat assortment of GOODS;

Amongst which are,

SUPER FINE light broad cloths,
a new-fashion'd marbled wiltons, and fine faga-
thies for mens summer wear, a variety of chintzes
and printed linens, striped and other Persian tuffa-
ries, silk damascus and Bengal stripes for waistcoats,
a great choice of Irish flannel and sheeting linens,
ornabrigs and Russia drab, cotton holland, mens,
womens and youths thread hose, mens fashionable
marbled silk ditto, and best 4 thread breeches pa-
terns, all sorts of plantation tools and cutlery, ve-
nice treacle, treacle water, best manna, Turling-
ton's balsam, Godfrey's cordial and other family
medicines, Weston's best snuff, mens and youths
shoes and pumps, &c. &c.—Which, with the other
goods he has on hand (mostly of the latest impor-
tations), he will sell exactly at the current advance
of Ten for One at the usual credit, but for ready money,
a discount of Ten per cent. will be allowed on all sums
above Twenty Pounds.

He hopes, those whose accounts have been
long due, will think of paying or otherwise set-
tling to his satisfaction, as soon as possible.

A Bay mare, eleven hands high,

branded on the mounting shoulder G^b and off but-
tock G, with a year old horse colt with her, un-
branded and undock'd, the owner must prove his
property before me.

Moses Thomson.

To be sold in small tracts,

ABOUT twelve thousand acres

of land, on the head of Cambridge river,
known by the name of the Salt-catcher barony,
now the property of Sir William Baker, Brice Fisher,
and Nicholas Linwood, Esqrs. of London. The plat
of said barony is now in the hands of Mr. Owen
Bower, who has directions to lay it out in tracts; it
is allowed to be exceeding fine swamp, with a suf-
ficiency of very good high land on each side, proper
for corn and indigo, on which a commodious settle-
ment may be made. Also.

A part of the barony in Granville county, known
by the name of Jasper's barony, adjoining the lands
of Colonel Daniel Heyward, and other settlements
on the Euhaw: The plat may now be seen in the
hands of William Maine. Credit will be given for
the above lands, the purchasers paying interest and
giving security to

PAUL TRAVIER & FRANCIS STEWART,
Attorneys for Sir William Baker &c.

SELLING OFF.

ANY person wanting to purchase
A SMALL STOCK OF GOODS, consisting
of a well assorted variety, and but lately imported,
may be supplied at EIGHT FOR ONE. For terms
of payment, apply to
C. T. F. LLOYD & NEYLE.

Godfrey & Gadfield,

Have just imported, in Capt. STRACHAN, from
LONDON.

WHITE, blue and green pavil-

lion gauze, Irish and Russia sheeting linens,
figured, mince and pistol lawns, Russia lace, Ben-
gal stripes, prequet, check'd and figured gauze aprons,
flower'd, striped and cyprus gauze, nankeen, hand-
kerchiefs, a small assortment of cordage, sagathies and
duroys, mens and boys saddles, boys leather, and
mens velvet jockey-caps, half all striped and check'd
fashionable mantuas and tobies, flower'd armoslen
and black satin, Prussian taffety, lined oil, ver-
million, amber, ground Spanish brown, yellow and
English oaker, vanellian, currants and jar raisins,
Turkey figs, Jordan almonds, single and double re-
fined loaf sugar, complete sets of blue and white and
enamell'd tea-table china, black and blond lace,
womens silk cardinals.—Which, with a complete
assortment of other goods, they will sell at the most
reasonable terms, at their store, on the Bay of
Charles-Town.

John & William Baker,

Have just imported, in the ship LONDON, Capt. Stra-
chan, from LONDON.

A General assortment of Goods,

suitable for the season.—And in the Phi-
ladelphia Packet, Capt. Jobson, from Philadelphia,
bar iron, flour, and water bread in kegs, to be sold
at their store in Tradd-Street.

On Tuesday the 24th of June instant, will be sold, at
public vendue, at the usual place in Charles Town:

A Plantation or tract of land, con-

taining two hundred acres (being the easter-
most part of a tract of three hundred acres) situate
in the limits of Amelia township; bounded at the
time of the original grant, to the north-east on San-
tee river; south-east on vacant land; south-west on
lands held by Mrs. Lobb's; and part on lands of the
said township, late the property of Benjamin Spar-
lock, and sold under execution, by
ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

GEORGE THOMSON, just ar-

rived in the London, Capt. Strachan, from
London, begs leave to acquaint his friends and former
customers, that he has brought with him, a neat
assortment of East-India and European GOODS;
which he will sell on very reasonable terms, at his
store in Broad-Street, near the Watch-House, for-
merly poss. sed by Messrs. Hoar & Clayton.

N. B. He has a variety of India silks, chintzes,
&c. and a parcel of exceeding good knit thread hose.



For LONDON.

(To sail in three weeks)

The Brigantine NANCY,
CHRISTOPHER CHISMAN,
Master, has part of her cargo on
board.

FOR freight of indico, deer skins, or other
goods, or for passage, (having excellent accom-
modations) apply to said master, on board the brig,
now lying in Col. Beale's wharf, or to
June 4, 1766. WARD & LECHE.

A Quarterly MEETING of the
SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY, will be
held on Tuesday the 1st Day of July next, at the
House of Mr. Eliza Pointsett; where the Members
are desired to attend precisely at Eleven o'Clock in
the Forenoon.

By Order of the Society.
SAMUEL PAULEAU, Clerk.

A Bright bay gelding, about 10
years old, branded on the mounting shoulder
and buttock I B, 14 hands high, with a star in his
face.—One white gelding, 13 hands high, branded
on the mounting shoulder with O and a stroke in the
middle.—And a black gelding, 14 hands high, bran-
ded on the mounting shoulder with S P, a natural
paper. The owners of the above strays, must prove
their property before me.

Moses Thomson.

CUNNINGHAM & SANDS.

HAVE TO SELL,
LONDON, NEW-YORK, and
other MADRA WINES, by the pipe, hog-
head, quarter-cask, or dozen.

VIRGINIA WINE by the like quantity.
PORT WINE, BURGUNDY,
CLARET, MOUNTAIN, } By the dozen,
LISBON, ARACK, }
FRONTENACK and MALMSEY, in pint or
quart bottles, by the dozen.

OLD JAMAICA RUM, by the hoghead, quar-
ter-cask, or smaller quantity, not less than three
gallons.

Old WEST INDIA ditto by the like quantity.

Old FRENCH BRANDY by the three gallons.

All which are warranted to be excellent in quali-
ty, as the greatest care is taken in the choice, as
well as the management of them; and are to be had
by applying to them at their counting house, front-
ing the Bay, on Mr. Burn's new wharf, or at their
store in Union-Street.

N. B. All orders from the country will be punctu-
ally complied with.

Collection-County, May 24, 1766.

IN the possession of Mrs. North.

near Jacksonborough, and brought before me to
be advertised, a small black and grey gelding, about
thirteen hands high, eight or nine years old, branded
on the mounting buttock with a figure 7 in a circle,
and on the near chest with H. Whoever owns the
said horse, must apply within six months from the
date hereof, and prove their property before
JOSEPH GLOVER, J. P.

JOHN BLOTT,

Next House to the WHITE-MEETING,

MAKES and sells mattresses, or
will supply merchants or others, as cheap as
they can be imported, or those who find the mat-
resses, may have them done very cheap. He con-
tinues to hang paper in Town or Country, on as low
terms as possible.—A few patterns of paper,
neat flower pieces for chimney, paper Machines for
ceilings, &c.

N. B. As he expects a large quantity of paper,
will supply those who favour him with their com-
mands, on very reasonable terms.

LEASES and Releases, Bonds,

Bonds with Warrants to con-
fess Judgment, Warrants to con-
fess Judgment singly, Mortgages,
Attachments, Copies of Writs, Bills
of Sale, Powers of Attorney, Ser-
vants and Apprentices Indentures,
Bills of Lading, Indico Certificates
of both kinds, Shipping Papers,
V. arrants and Executions for small
Debts, Executions for Poor-Tax,
and sundry other Blanks, to be sold
by PETER TIMOTHY, at his Office
in Broad-Street.

Receiver General's Office, in Tradd Street.

Charles-Town, South-Carolina, June 3d, 1766.

GEORGE SAXBY, Esq; His

Majesty's Receiver General, hereby gives no-
tice, that he shall immediately after the 24th of this
instant June, (according to the duty of his office)
issue executions against every person without excep-
tion, who may then be indebted to His Majesty for
QUIT-RENTS; as he has received particular or-
ders for so doing, which he is determined to put in
force: therefore hopes all persons concerned will
pay their Quit-Rents before that day, if not, they
must blame themselves for such neglect.—AND
WHEREAS many people buy lands, not knowing
what Quit-Rents may be due thereon; THIS IS TO
INFORM THEM, that purchasers of lands are li-
able to pay all Quit-Rents that may be in arrear.

A Quarterly MEETING of the

Charles-Town LIBRARY SOCIETY, will be
held at the Library-Room in Union-Street, on
Wednesday the 2d day of July next; when the mem-
bers are desired to attend precisely at 10 o'clock in
the forenoon, at which hour the President takes the
chair, agreeable to the rules.

By Order of the President.
7th June, 1766. WILLIAM MASON, Secy.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY, at the old Printing-Office in Broad-Street, next to the General
Post-Office; where Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c. for this Paper are taken in, and all kinds of useful Blanks fold, and all
Sorts of Printing-Work is done with Accuracy and Dispatch.